

### SAFETY DATA SHEET according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006

### METHANOL / DR 160 KG

Version 5.0 Print Date 20.11.2019

Revision date / valid from 20.04.2018

### SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

### 1.1. Product identifier

Trade name METHANOL / DR 160 KG

Substance name methanol Index-No. 603-001-00-X CAS-No. : 67-56-1 : 200-659-6 EC-No.

EU REACH-Reg. No. : 01-2119433307-44-xxxx

### Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Use of the : Used as:, Solvent, Chemical industry in general, Identified Substance/Mixture use: See table in front of appendix for a complete overview of

identified uses.

: At this moment we have not identified any uses advised Uses advised against

against

### 1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Company Brenntag Nordic AB

Koksgatan 18 SE 20211 Malmoe

Telephone : +46 (0)40-28 73 00 Telefax : +46 (0)40-93 7015

E-mail address : SDS.SE@brenntag-nordic.com

Responsible/issuing : Environment & Quality

person

### 1.4. Emergency telephone number

Emergency telephone In case of personal injury call:

Denmark: 82 12 12 12 Giftlinien, Bispebjerg Hospital number

Finland: Poison Information Centre: (09) 471 977 (direct) or

(09) 47 11 (exchange), open 24h/day

Norway: 22 59 13 00 Giftinformasjonen (døgnåpent) Sweden: +46-8-331231 Giftinformationscentralen (24 hour

service)

Outside these countries: Please call your local

emergency services

### SECTION 2: Hazards identification

### 2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture



### **METHANOL / DR 160 KG**

### Classification according to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

REGULATION (EC) No 1272/2008						
Hazard class Hazard category Target Organs Statemen						
Flammable liquids	Category 2		H225			
Acute toxicity (Inhalation)	Category 3		H331			
Acute toxicity (Dermal)	Category 3		H311			
Acute toxicity (Oral)	Category 3		H301			
Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure	Category 1		H370			

For the full text of the H-Statements mentioned in this Section, see Section 16.

### Most important adverse effects

Human Health : Inhalation may cause the following effects:, Toxic if inhaled.,

Inhalation may cause headache, dizziness, tiredness and nausea. After many hours without problems vomiting, gastric

pain, difficulty to see, difficulty to breathing and unconsciousness may occur at inhalation of high

concentrations.

Skin contact may cause the following effects:, Toxic in contact with skin., Degreases the skin which may cause dry and rough. Prolonged or repeated skin contact may result in dermatitis., Penetrates through the skin and may cause same symptom as at inhalation.

Eye contact may cause the following effects:, Splashes in eyes

may cause strong pain. Vapour acts irritant. Ingestion may cause the following effects:,Toxic if swallowed.,May cause dizziness and nausea.,After many hours without problems headache, vomiting, gastric pain, vision disturbances, breathing difficulties, unconsciousness and shock may occur.,Risk for life-threatening poisoning and

Physical and chemical

hazards

Highly flammable liquid and vapour., Vapours are heavier than air and may spread along floors., Vapours may form explosive

blindness, even if only small amounts have been swallowed.

mixtures with air., In case of fire hazardous decomposition products may be produced such as:, Carbon oxides,

Formaldehyde

Potential environmental

effects

According to available data, this product is not harmful to the

environment.

### 2.2. Label elements

Labelling according to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008



### **METHANOL / DR 160 KG**

Hazard symbols :







Signal word : Danger

Hazard statements : H225 Highly flammable liquid and vapour.

H301 + H311 + H331 Toxic if swallowed, in contact with skin

or if inhaled.

H370 Causes damage to organs (Eyes, Central

nervous system).

Precautionary statements

Prevention : P210 Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks,

open flames and other ignition sources. No

smoking.

P260 Do not breathe dust/ fume/ gas/ mist/

vapours/ spray.

P280 Wear protective gloves/ eye protection/ face

protection.

Response : P301 + P310 + P330 IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a

POISON CENTER/doctor. Rinse mouth.

P308 + P311 IF exposed or concerned: Call a POISON

CENTER/doctor.

P370 + P378 In case of fire: Use dry sand, dry chemical

or alcohol-resistant foam to extinguish.

Storage : P403 + P233 Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep

container tightly closed.

### Hazardous components which must be listed on the label:

methanol

### 2.3. Other hazards

For Results of PBT and vPvB assessment see section 12.5.

### **SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients**

### 3.1. Substances

Chemical nature : Substance

Classification (REGULATION (EC) No 1272/2008)
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### **METHANOL / DR 160 KG**

Hazardous components		Hazardous components  Amount [%]  Hazard class / Hazard category		Hazard statements	
methanol					
Index-No. CAS-No. EC-No. EU REACH- Reg. No.	: 603-001-00-X : 67-56-1 : 200-659-6 : 01-2119433307-44-xxxx	>= 90 - <= 100	Flam. Liq.2 Acute Tox.3 Acute Tox.3 Acute Tox.3 STOT SE1	H225 H331 H311 H301 H370	

For the full text of the H-Statements mentioned in this Section, see Section 16.

### **SECTION 4: First aid measures**

### 4.1. Description of first aid measures

General advice : Remove from exposure, lie down. Take off all contaminated

clothing immediately.

If inhaled : Remove to fresh air. If breathing is irregular or stopped,

administer artificial respiration. Oxygen, if needed. No artificial respiration, mouth-to-mouth or mouth to nose. Use suitable instruments/apparatus. Call a physician immediately.

In case of skin contact : Wash off immediately with soap and plenty of water. Call a

physician immediately.

In case of eye contact : Rinse immediately with plenty of water, also under the eyelids,

for at least 5 minutes. If eye irritation persists, consult a

specialist.

If swallowed : Clean mouth with water and drink afterwards plenty of water.

Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Keep patient warm and at rest. If a person vomits when lying on his back, place him in the recovery position. Call a physician

immediately.

Protection of First Aid

Responders

: First Aid responders should pay attention to self-protection and

use the recommended protective clothing.

### 4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Symptoms : Effects of breathing high concentrations of vapour may include:

respiratory tract irritation, Ingestion may provoke the following symptoms: Gastrointestinal discomfort, Nausea, Vomiting, Stomach pain, Headache, giddiness, See Section 11 for more

detailed information on health effects and symptoms.

Effects : Risk of blindness! Danger by skin absorption. See Section 11

for more detailed information on health effects and symptoms.

### 4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed



### **METHANOL / DR 160 KG**

Treatment : Administer approx. 100 ml ethanol 40 % (hard liquor). Treat

symptomatically.

### **SECTION 5: Firefighting measures**

### 5.1. Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing

media

Use water spray, alcohol-resistant foam, dry chemical or

carbon dioxide.

Unsuitable extinguishing

media

High volume water jet

### 5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Specific hazards during

firefighting

Highly flammable, The vapour may be invisible, heavier than air and spread along ground, Vapours may form explosive

mixtures with air. Flash back possible over considerable

distance.

Hazardous combustion

products

: Carbon oxides

### 5.3. Advice for firefighters

Special protective

equipment for firefighters

In the event of fire, wear self-contained breathing

apparatus. Wear appropriate body protection (full protective

suit)
: Control smoke with water spray.

Specific extinguishing

methods

Further advice

• •

Cool closed containers exposed to fire with water spray. Heating will cause a pressure rise - with risk of bursting. Collect contaminated fire extinguishing water separately. This must not be discharged into drains. Fire residues and contaminated fire extinguishing water must be

disposed of in accordance with local regulations.

### **SECTION 6: Accidental release measures**

### 6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Personal precautions : Keep people away from and upwind of spill/leak. Use personal

protective equipment. Avoid contact with the skin and the eyes. Do not breathe vapours or spray mist. Wear respiratory

protection.

### 6.2. Environmental precautions

Environmental precautions

: Do not flush into surface water or sanitary sewer system. Avoid subsoil penetration. If the product contaminates rivers and lakes or drains inform respective authorities. If material reaches soil inform authorities responsible for such cases.

### 6.3. Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up



### **METHANOL / DR 160 KG**

Methods and materials for : containment and cleaning

up

: Absorb with liquid-binding material (sand, diatomite, acid binders, universal binders). Keep in suitable, closed

containers for disposal.

Further information : Treat recovered material as described in the section "Disposal

considerations".

### 6.4. Reference to other sections

See Section 1 for emergency contact information.

See Section 8 for information on personal protective equipment.

See Section 13 for waste treatment information.

### **SECTION 7: Handling and storage**

### 7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Advice on safe handling : Keep container tightly closed. Use personal protective

equipment. Handle product only in closed system or provide appropriate exhaust ventilation at machinery. Avoid contact with skin, eyes and clothing. Do not breathe vapours or spray mist. Use respirator with appropriate filter if vapours or aerosol are released. Emergency eye wash fountains and emergency showers should be available in the immediate vicinity.

Hygiene measures

: Keep away from food, drink and animal feedingstuffs. Smoking, eating and drinking should be prohibited in the application area. Wash hands before breaks and at the end of workday. Take off all contaminated clothing immediately. Keep working clothes separately.

### 7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Requirements for storage areas and containers

: Store in original container. Keep locked up or in an area accessible only to qualified or authorised persons. Suitable materials for containers: Stainless steel; Unsuitable materials

for containers: Aluminium; Lead; Zinc; polystyrene

Advice on protection against fire and explosion

: Combustible liquid. Keep away from sources of ignition - No smoking. Vapours are heavier than air and may spread along floors. Vapours may form explosive mixtures with air. Take measures to prevent the build up of electrostatic charge. Use only in an area containing explosion proof equipment.

Further information on storage conditions

: Keep tightly closed in a dry and cool place. Keep in a well-

ventilated place.

Advice on common

storage

: Keep away from food, drink and animal feedingstuffs. Do not store together with oxidizing and self-igniting products.

### 7.3. Specific end use(s)

Specific use(s) : Identified use: See table in front of appendix for a complete

overview of identified uses.



### **METHANOL / DR 160 KG**

### **SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection**

### 8.1. Control parameters

Component: methanol CAS-No. 67-56-1

Derived No Effect Level (DNEL)/Derived Minimal Effect Level (DMEL)

**DNEL** 

Workers, Acute - systemic effects, Skin contact : 40 mg/kg bw/day

DNEL

Workers, Acute - systemic effects, Inhalation : 260 mg/m3

**DNEL** 

Workers, Acute - local effects, Inhalation : 260 mg/m3

**DNEL** 

Workers, Long-term - systemic effects, Skin contact : 40 mg/kg bw/day

**DNEL** 

Workers, Long-term - systemic effects, Inhalation : 260 mg/m3

DNEL

Workers, Long-term - local effects, Inhalation : 260 mg/m3

**DNEL** 

Consumers, Acute - systemic effects, Skin contact : 8 mg/kg bw/day

**DNEL** 

Consumers, Acute - systemic effects, Inhalation : 50 mg/m3

DNEL

Consumers, Acute - systemic effects, Ingestion : 8 mg/kg bw/day

**DNEL** 

Consumers, Long-term - local effects, Inhalation : 50 mg/m3

DNEL

Consumers, Long-term - systemic effects, Ingestion : 8 mg/kg bw/day

DNEL

Consumers, Long-term - systemic effects, Inhalation : 50 mg/m3

**DNEL** 

Consumers, Long-term - systemic effects, Skin contact : 8 mg/kg bw/day

**DNEL** 

Consumers, Acute - local effects, Inhalation : 50 mg/m3

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### **METHANOL / DR 160 KG**

### **Predicted No Effect Concentration (PNEC)**

Fresh water : 154 mg/l

Marine water 15,4 mg/l

Sediment : 570,4 mg/kg dry weight

(d.w.)

Soil 23,5 mg/kg wwt

Sewage treatment plant (STP) 100 mg/l

Intermittent releases 1540 mg/l

### **Other Occupational Exposure Limit Values**

EU. Indicative Exposure Limit Values in Directives 91/322/EEC, 2000/39/EC, 2006/15/EC,

2009/161/EU, 2017/164/EU, Time Weighted Average (TWA):

200 ppm, 260 mg/m3

Indicative

Sweden. OEL, Short Term Exposure Limit (STEL):

250 ppm, 350 mg/m3

Sweden. OEL, Time Weighted Average (TWA):

200 ppm, 250 mg/m3

Sweden. OEL, Skin designation: Can be absorbed through the skin.

### 8.2. Exposure controls

### Appropriate engineering controls

Refer to protective measures listed in sections 7 and 8.

### Personal protective equipment

Respiratory protection

Advice In case of brief exposure or low pollution use breathing filter

apparatus.

Respiratory protection complying with EN 141.

Recommended Filter type:AX

In case of intensive or longer exposure use self-contained

breathing apparatus.

Hand protection



### **METHANOL / DR 160 KG**

Advice : Protective gloves complying with EN 374.

Please observe the instructions regarding permeability and breakthrough time which are provided by the supplier of the gloves. Also take into consideration the specific local conditions under which the product is used, such as the danger of cuts, abrasion,

and the contact time.

Protective gloves should be replaced at first signs of wear.

Material : butyl-rubber
Break through time : >= 8 h
Glove thickness : 0,5 mm

Material : Fluorinated rubber

Break through time : >= 4 hGlove thickness : 0,4 mm

Material : polychloroprene

Break through time : >= 1 hGlove thickness : 0,5 mm

Eye protection

Advice : Goggles giving complete protection to the eyes

Skin and body protection

Advice : Solvent resistant protective clothing

### **Environmental exposure controls**

General advice : Do not flush into surface water or sanitary sewer system.

Avoid subsoil penetration.

If the product contaminates rivers and lakes or drains inform

respective authorities.

If material reaches soil inform authorities responsible for such

cases.

### **SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties**

### 9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Form : liquid

Colour : colourless

Odour : alcohol-like

Odour Threshold : no data available



### **METHANOL / DR 160 KG**

pH : not determined

Freezing point/range : ca. -98 °C

Boiling point/boiling range : 64,7 °C

Flash point : 9 - 12 °C

Evaporation rate : 5,3 (ether = 1)

2,1 (Butyl Acetate = 1)

Flammability (solid, gas) : Not applicable

Upper explosion limit : 44 %(V)

Lower explosion limit : 5,5 %(V)

Vapour pressure : 128 hPa (20 °C)

Relative vapour density : 1,1 (20 °C)

Density : 0,79 g/cm3 (20 °C)

Water solubility : completely miscible

Solubility/qualitative : miscible with most organic solvents

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water : log Kow -0,77

Auto-ignition temperature : > 455 °C

Thermal decomposition : no data available

Viscosity, dynamic : 0,544 - 0,59 mPa.s (25 °C)

Viscosity, kinematic : no data available

Explosive properties : EU legislation: Formation of explosive air/vapour

mixtures is possible.

Explosivity : Product is not explosive.

Oxidizing properties : not oxidising

### 9.2. Other information

No further information available.

### **SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity**

### 10.1. Reactivity

Advice : No decomposition if stored and applied as directed.



### **METHANOL / DR 160 KG**

10.2. Chemical stability

Advice : Stable under recommended storage conditions.

10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

Hazardous reactions : Vapours may form explosive mixture with air.

10.4. Conditions to avoid

Conditions to avoid : Heat, flames and sparks.

Thermal decomposition : no data available

10.5. Incompatible materials

Materials to avoid : Keep away from strong oxidizing agents and strong reducing

agents. Aluminium, Lead, Magnesium, Alkali metals

10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

Hazardous decomposition : In case of fire hazardous decomposition products may be

products

produced such as: Carbon oxides, Formaldehyde

### **SECTION 11: Toxicological information**

### 11.1. Information on toxicological effects

Data for the product				
Acute toxicity				
Oral				
Toxic if swallowed., May cause dizziness and nausea., After many hours without problems headache, vomiting, gastric pain, vision disturbances, breathing difficulties, unconsciousness and shock may occur., Risk for life-threatening poisoning and blindness, even if only small amounts have been swallowed.				
Inhalation				
Toxic if inhaled. Inhalation may cause headache, dizziness, tiredness and nausea. After many hours without problems vomiting, gastric pain, difficulty to see, difficulty to breathing and unconsciousness may occur at inhalation of high concentrations.				
Irritation				
Skin				

Toxic in contact with skin.

Degreases the skin which may cause dry and rough. Prolonged or

repeated skin contact may result in dermatitis.

Result



### **METHANOL / DR 160 KG**

Penetrates through the skin and may cause same symptom as at

inhalation.

**Eyes** 

Result

Splashes in eyes may cause strong pain. Vapour acts irritant.

Component: methanol CAS-No. 67-56-1

**Acute toxicity** 

Oral

Toxic if swallowed.

Dermal

Toxic in contact with skin.

Irritation

Skin

Result : No skin irritation (Rabbit) (BASF - Test)

**Eyes** 

Result : No eye irritation (Rabbit) (OECD - Guideline 405)

Sensitisation

Result : not sensitizing (Maximisation Test; Guinea pig) (OECD Test

Guideline 406)

**CMR** effects

**CMR Properties** 

Carcinogenicity : Animal testing did not show any carcinogenic effects.

Mutagenicity : In vitro tests did not show mutagenic effects

In vivo tests did not show mutagenic effects

Teratogenicity : Not classified due to data which are conclusive although

insufficient

Reproductive toxicity : Not classified due to data which are conclusive although

insufficient

**Specific Target Organ Toxicity** 

Single exposure



### **METHANOL / DR 160 KG**

Remarks : Target Organs: Eyes, Central nervous systemCauses damage to

organs.Experience with human exposure

Repeated exposure

Remarks : The substance or mixture is not classified as specific target organ

toxicant, repeated exposure.

### Other toxic properties

### **Aspiration hazard**

No aspiration toxicity classification,

### **Further information**

Other relevant toxicity:

information

Inhalation of high vapour concentrations may cause symptoms like

headache, dizziness, tiredness, nausea and vomiting.

Danger by skin absorption.

Effects due to ingestion may include:

Risk of blindness!

Vomiting Nausea Coma

### **SECTION 12: Ecological information**

### 12.1. Toxicity

Component:	nt: methanol CAS-No. 67-56-1					
Acute toxicity						
	Fish					
LC50 : 15400 mg/l (Lepomis macrochirus; 96 h) (flow-through test; EPA 600/3-75/009)						
	Toxicity	to daphnia and other aquatic inv	rertebrates			
EC50 : > 1000 mg/l (Daphnia magna (Water flea); 48 h) (OECD Test Guideline 202)			er flea); 48 h) (OECD Test			
		algae				
-		aigae				
EC50 : 22000 mg/l (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae); 96 h)						
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## **METHANOL / DR 160 KG**

### **Bacteria**

EC50 : 20000 mg/l (Bacteria; 15 h) IC50 : 1000 mg/l (Bacteria; 24 h)

IC50 > 1000 mg/l (activated sludge; 3 h)

### 12.2. Persistence and degradability

Component:	CAS-No. 67-56-1				
Persistence and degradability					
		Persistence			
Result	:	study scientifically unjustified			
		Biodegradability			
Result	:	97 % (Marine water; Exposure Time: 20 d	Readily biodegradable.		
Result	:	95 % (Fresh water; Exposure Time: 20 d)			
Result	:	83 - 91 % (Fresh water sediment; Exposu	re Time: 3 d)		
Result	:	71,5 % (Fresh water; Exposure Time: 5 d)			
Result	:	69 % (Marine water; Exposure Time: 5 d)			
Result	:	46,3 - 53,5 % (Soil; Exposure Time: 5 d)			

### 12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

Component:	methanol	CAS-No. 67-56-1
	Bioaccumulation	

Result : log Kow -0,77

: BCF: < 10 The product has low potential bioaccumulation.

### 12.4. Mobility in soil

Component:	methanol	CAS-No. 67-56-1	
	Mobility		

: The product is mobile in water environment.

### 12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment



### **METHANOL / DR 160 KG**

Component:	methanol	CAS-No. 67-56-1
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### Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

Result : This substance is not considered to be persistent, bioaccumulating

nor toxic (PBT)., This substance is not considered to be very

persistent and very bioaccumulating (vPvB).

#### 12.6. Other adverse effects

Component:	methanol	CAS-No. 67-56-1
	Additional ecological information	
Result	Do not flush into surface water or sanitar Avoid subsoil penetration.  Danger to drinking water if even extreme into soil.	

### **SECTION 13: Disposal considerations**

### 13.1. Waste treatment methods

Product : Eliminate waste in conditions authorized by the regulations.

Store waste in containers provided for this purpose. Do not

dump in drains, water sheets or the ground.

Contaminated packaging : Empty remaining contents. Packagings that cannot be

cleaned are to be disposed of in the same manner as the product. Dispose of in accordance with local regulations.

European Waste Catalogue Number

No waste code according to the European Waste Catalogue can be assigned for this product, as the intended use dictates the assignment. The waste code is established in consultation

with the regional waste disposer.

### **SECTION 14: Transport information**

### 14.1. UN number

1230

### 14.2. UN proper shipping name

ADR : METHANOL RID : METHANOL IMDG : METHANOL

### 14.3. Transport hazard class(es)

ADR-Class : 3

(Labels; Classification Code; Hazard 3, 6.1; FT1; 336; (D/E)

identification No; Tunnel restriction code)



### **METHANOL / DR 160 KG**

**RID-Class** : 3

(Labels; Classification Code; Hazard 3, 6.1; FT1; 336

identification No)

**IMDG-Class** : 3

(Labels; EmS) 3, 6.1; F-E, S-D

### 14.4. Packaging group

ADR : 11 RID : 11 **IMDG** : 11

#### 14.5. Environmental hazards

Environmentally hazardous according to ADR : no Environmentally hazardous according to RID : no Marine Pollutant according to IMDG-Code : no

### 14.6. Special precautions for user

Not applicable.

### 14.7. Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code

**IMDG** : Not applicable.

### **SECTION 15: Regulatory information**

### 15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

### Data for the product

EU. REACH, Annex XVII, : Marketing and Use

Restrictions (Regulation

1907/2006/EC)

Point Nos.: , 3; Listed

Point Nos.:, 40; Listed

Other regulations Pregnant and nursing women may not be exposed to the

product. Take in consideration the national regulation. Exposure limits in accordance to local regulations

Nordic Combustible

liquids danger class

Fire class 1 :Flashpoint < 21°C

Other regulations Only persons, who are thoroughly instructed in the dangerous

properties and the necessary safety precautions of the

substance, are allowed to work with it.

In accordance to national regulations about "handling of liquids

with flaspoint below 100°C".



### **METHANOL / DR 160 KG**

Component: methanol CAS-No. 67-56-1

EU. Regulation EU No. 649/2012 concerning the export and import of dangerous chemicals

; The substance/mixture does not fall under this legislation.

EU. REACH, Annex XVII, :
Marketing and Use
Restrictions (Regulation

Restrictions (Regulation 1907/2006/EC)

Point Nos.: , 3; Listed

Point Nos.:, 40; Listed

EU. Regulation No. 1223/2009 on cosmetic products, Annex III: List of Restricted Substances in Cosmetic Products Maximum concentration in ready for use preparation: 5 %; Denaturant for ethanol and isopropyl alcohol; See the text of

the regulation for applicable exceptions or provisions.

EU. Directive 2012/18/EU (SEVESO

III) Annex I

Lower-tier requirements: 500 tonnes; Part 2: Named

dangerous substances

Upper-tier requirements: 5.000 tonnes; Part 2: Named

dangerous substances

# Notification status methanol:

nemanon.		
Regulatory List	Notification	Notification number
AICS	YES	
DSL	YES	
EINECS	YES	200-659-6
ENCS (JP)	YES	(2)-201
IECSC	YES	
ISHL (JP)	YES	(2)-201
JEX (JP)	YES	(2)-201
KECI (KR)	YES	97-1-80
KECI (KR)	YES	KE-23193
NZIOC	YES	HSR001186
PICCS (PH)	YES	

### 15.2. Chemical safety assessment

A Chemical Safety Assessment has been carried out for this substance.

YES

**TSCA** 



### **METHANOL / DR 160 KG**

### **SECTION 16: Other information**

### Full text of H-Statements referred to under sections 2 and 3.

H225 Highly flammable liquid and vapour.

H301 Toxic if swallowed.

H311 Toxic in contact with skin.

H331 Toxic if inhaled.

H370 Causes damage to organs.

### **Abbreviations and Acronyms**

**BCF** bioconcentration factor

BOD biochemical oxygen demand
CAS Chemical Abstracts Service

CLP Classification, Labelling and Packaging

CMR carcinogenic, mutagenic or toxic to reproduction

COD chemical oxygen demand

DNEL derived no-effect level

**EINECS** European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances

**ELINCS** European List of Notified Chemical Substances

Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of

Chemicals

**LC50** median lethal concentration

**LOAEC** lowest observed adverse effect concentration

LOAEL lowest observed adverse effect level

**LOEL** lowest observed effect level

**NLP** no-longer polymer

NOAEC no observed adverse effect concentration

NOAEL no observed adverse effect level NOEC no observed effect concentration

NOEL no observed effect level

OECD Organisation for Economic Cooperation and Development

OEL occupational exposure limit

**PBT** persistent, bioaccumulative and toxic

**REACH Auth. No.:** REACH Authorisation Number

**REACH AuthAppC. No.** REACH Authorisation Application Consultation Number

PNEC predicted no-effect concentration
STOT specific target organ toxicity
SVHC substance of very high concern

**Further information** 

Key literature references : Supplier information and data from the "Database of registered



### **METHANOL / DR 160 KG**

and sources for data

substances" of the European Chemicals Agency (ECHA) were

used to create this safety data sheet.

Methods used for product classification

The classification for human health, physical and chemical hazards and environmental hazards were derived from a combination of calculation methods and if available test data.

Hints for trainings : The workers have to be trained regularly on the safe handling of the products based on the information provided in the Safety Data Sheet and the local conditions of the workplace. National

regulations for the training of workers in the handling of

hazardous materials must be adhered to.

Other information

The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to our knowledge at the date of its revision. The information given only describes the products with regard to safety arrangements and is not to be considered as a warranty or quality specification and

does not constitute a legal relationship.

The information contained in this Safety Data Sheet relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other material or in any process, unless specified in

the text.

|| Indicates updated section.



# METHANOL / DR 160 KG

No.	Short title	Main User Group (SU)	Sector of Use (SU)	Product Category (PC)	Process Category (PROC)	Environm ental Release Category (ERC)	Article Category (AC)	Specified
1	Use as an intermediate	3	8, 9	NA	1, 2, 3, 4, 8a, 8b, 15	6a, 6b	NA	ES1746
2	Distribution of substance	3	8, 9	NA	1, 2, 3, 4, 8a, 8b, 9	1, 2	NA	ES1749
3	Formulation & (re)packing of substances and mixtures	3	10	NA	1, 2, 3, 4, 8a, 8b, 9, 15	2	NA	ES1796
4	Use in cleaning agents	3	NA	NA	1, 2, 3, 4, 7, 8a, 8b, 10, 13	4	NA	ES1798
5	Use in cleaning agents	22	NA	NA	1, 2, 3, 4, 8a, 8b, 10, 11, 13	8a, 8d	NA	ES1801
6	Use in fuel	3	10	NA	1, 2, 3, 8a, 8b, 16	7	NA	ES1803
7	Use in fuel	22	NA	NA	1, 2, 3, 8a, 8b, 16	8b, 8e, 9a, 9b	NA	ES1806
8	Use in laboratories	3	NA	NA	10, 15	4	NA	ES1813
9	Use in laboratories	22	NA	NA	10, 15	8a	NA	ES1827
10	Use as water treatment chemicals	3	NA	NA	2	4, 6b	NA	ES2315



## **METHANOL / DR 160 KG**

1. Short title of Exposure Scenario 1: Use as an intermediate			
Main User Groups	SU 3: Industrial uses: Uses of substances as such or in preparations at industrial sites		
Sectors of end-use	SU8: Manufacture of bulk, large scale chemicals (including petroleum products) SU9: Manufacture of fine chemicals		
Process categories	PROC1: Chemical production or refinery in closed process without likelihood of exposure or processes with equivalent containment conditions PROC2: Use in closed, continuous process with occasional controlled exposure PROC3: Manufacture or formulation in the chemical industry in closed batch processes with occasional controlled exposure or processes with equivalent containment condition PROC4: Use in batch and other process (synthesis) where opportunity for exposure arises PROC8a: Transfer of substance or preparation (charging/ discharging) from/ to vessels/ large containers at non-dedicated facilities PROC8b: Transfer of substance or preparation (charging/ discharging) from/ to vessels/ large containers at dedicated facilities PROC15: Use as laboratory reagent		
Environmental Release Categories	ERC6a: Industrial use resulting in manufacture of another substance (use of intermediates) ERC6b: Industrial use of reactive processing aids		
Activity	Use of substance as an intermediate (not related to Strictly Controlled Conditions). Includes recycling/ recovery, material transfers, storage, sampling, associated laboratory activities, maintenance and loading (including marine vessel/barge, road/rail car and bulk container).		

### 2.1 Contributing scenario controlling environmental exposure for: ERC6a, ERC6b

No exposure assessment presented for the environment

# 2.2 Contributing scenario controlling worker exposure for: PROC1, PROC2, PROC3, PROC4, PROC8a, PROC8b, PROC15

	Concentration of the Substance in Mixture/Article	Covers percentage substance in the product up 100 %.	to
Product characteristics	Physical Form (at time of use)	liquid	
	Vapour pressure	> 10 kPa	
Frequency and duration of use	Covers daily exposures up	to 8 hours	
Other operational conditions affecting workers exposure	Assumes use at not more t	han 20°C above ambient temperature.	
·	General exposures Closed systems With sample collection with occasional controlled exposure	Provide extraction ventilation at points where emissions occur. (Efficiency: 90 %)(PROC2)	
Technical conditions and measures to control dispersion from source towards the worker	General exposures Closed systems Use in contained batch processes	Provide extraction ventilation at points where emissions occur. (Efficiency: 90 %)(PROC3)	
	General exposures Open systems Batch process With sample collection	Provide extraction ventilation at points where emissions occur. (Efficiency: 90 %)(PROC4)	
	Process sampling	Provide extraction ventilation at points where emissions occur.(PROC2, PROC3, PROC4, PROC8a, PROC8b)	
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## **METHANOL / DR 160 KG**

Laboratory activ	ies Handle in a fume cupboard or under extract ventilation. (Efficiency: 90 %)(PROC15)
Bulk transfers	Ensure material transfers are under containment or extract ventilation. (Efficiency: 90 %)(PROC8a)
Bulk transfers	Ensure material transfers are under containment or extract ventilation. (Efficiency: 97 %)(PROC8b)
Storage with occasional controlled expos	Provide extraction ventilation at points where emissions occur.(PROC2)

### 3. Exposure estimation and reference to its source

### **Environment**

No exposure assessment presented for the environment.

#### Workers

PROC1, PROC2, PROC3, PROC4, PROC8a, PROC8b, PROC15: Use of ECETOC TRA Version 2 with modifications.

Contributing Scenario	Specific conditions	Exposure routes	Level of Exposure	RCR
PROC1, PROC3, PROC15		worker dermal, short and long term - systemic	0,34mg/kg bw/day	0,008
PROC1		Worker - inhalative, long- term - systemic	0,01mg/m3	0,00004
PROC1		Worker - inhalative, short-term - systemic	0,05mg/m3	0,0002
PROC2		worker dermal, short and long term - systemic	1,37mg/kg bw/day	0,034
PROC2, PROC15		Worker - inhalative, long- term - systemic	6,67mg/m3	0,026
PROC2, PROC15		Worker - inhalative, short-term - systemic	26,67mg/m3	0,103
PROC3, PROC4		Worker - inhalative, long- term - systemic	13,33mg/m3	0,051
PROC3, PROC4		Worker - inhalative, short-term - systemic	53,33mg/m3	0,205
PROC4, PROC8b		worker dermal, short and long term - systemic	6,86mg/kg bw/day	0,171
PROC8a		worker dermal, short and long term - systemic	13,71mg/kg bw/day	0,343
PROC8a		Worker - inhalative, long- term - systemic	33,33mg/m3	0,128
PROC8a		Worker - inhalative, short-term - systemic	66,67mg/m3	0,256
PROC8b		Worker - inhalative, long- term - systemic	6,00mg/m3	0,023
PROC8b		Worker - inhalative, short-term - systemic	12,00mg/m3	0,046

# 4. Guidance to Downstream User to evaluate whether he works inside the boundaries set by the Exposure Scenario

Environment



## **METHANOL / DR 160 KG**

Guidance is based on assumed operating conditions which may not be applicable to all sites; thus, scaling may be necessary to define appropriate site-specific risk management measures.

Where other risk management measures/operational conditions are adopted, then users should ensure that risks are managed to at least equivalent levels.

For further information on the assessment method, see: http://www.ecetoc.org/tra

Only properly trained persons shall make use of scaling methods while checking whether the OC and RMM are within the boundaries set by the ES

within the boundaries set by the ES		
Additional good practice advice beyond the REACH Chemical Safety Assessment		
Assumes a good basic standard of occupational hygiene is implemented.		



## **METHANOL / DR 160 KG**

1. Short title of Exposure Scenario 2: Distribution of substance			
Main User Groups	SU 3: Industrial uses: Uses of substances as such or in preparations at industrial sites		
Sectors of end-use	SU8: Manufacture of bulk, large scale chemicals (including petroleum products) SU9: Manufacture of fine chemicals		
Process categories	PROC1: Chemical production or refinery in closed process without likelihood of exposure or processes with equivalent containment conditions PROC2: Use in closed, continuous process with occasional controlled exposure PROC3: Manufacture or formulation in the chemical industry in closed batch processes with occasional controlled exposure or processes with equivalent containment condition PROC4: Use in batch and other process (synthesis) where opportunity for exposure arises PROC8a: Transfer of substance or preparation (charging/ discharging) from/ to vessels/ large containers at non-dedicated facilities PROC8b: Transfer of substance or preparation (charging/ discharging) from/ to vessels/ large containers at dedicated facilities PROC9: Transfer of substance or preparation into small containers (dedicated filling line, including weighing)		
Environmental Release Categories	ERC1: Manufacture of substances ERC2: Formulation of preparations		
Activity	Loading (including marine vessel/barge, rail/road car and IBC loading) and repacking (including drums and small packs) of substance, including its sampling, storage, unloading distribution and associated laboratory activities.		

### 2.1 Contributing scenario controlling environmental exposure for: ERC1, ERC2

No exposure assessment presented for the environment

# 2.2 Contributing scenario controlling worker exposure for: PROC1, PROC2, PROC3, PROC4, PROC8a, PROC8b, PROC9

	Concentration of the Substance in Mixture/Article	Covers percentage substance in the product up 100 %.	to
Product characteristics	Physical Form (at time of use)	liquid	
	Vapour pressure	> 10 kPa	
Frequency and duration of use	Covers daily exposures up	to 8 hours	
	Exposed skin area	One hand, face side only. 240 cm² (PROC1, PROC3)	
Human factors not influenced by risk management	Exposed skin area	Two hands 960 cm <sup>2</sup> (PROC8a)	
поктападется	Exposed skin area	Two hands face side only. 480 cm² (PROC2, PROC4, PROC8b, PROC9)	
Other operational conditions affecting workers exposure	Assumes use at not more than 20°C above ambient temperature.		
Technical conditions and	General exposures Closed systems With sample collection with occasional controlled exposure	Provide extract ventilation to points where emissions occur. (Efficiency: 90 %)(PROC2)	
measures to control dispersion from source towards the worker	General exposures Closed systems Use in contained batch processes	Provide extract ventilation to points where emissions occur. (Efficiency: 90 %)(PROC3)	
	General exposures Open systems	Provide extract ventilation to points where emissions occur. (Efficiency: 90 %)(PROC4)	
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## **METHANOL / DR 160 KG**

	Batch process With sample collection	
	Bulk transfers Open systems	Clear transfer lines prior to de-coupling. Ensure material transfers are under containment or extract ventilation. (Efficiency: 97 %)(PROC8b)
	Bulk transfers	Clear transfer lines prior to de-coupling. Ensure material transfers are under containment or extract ventilation. (Efficiency: 90 %)(PROC8a)
	Drum and small package filling	Put lids on containers immediately after use. Clear spills immediately. Provide extract ventilation to points where emissions occur. (Efficiency: 90 %)(PROC9)
	Storage with occasional controlled exposure	Provide extract ventilation to points where emissions occur. (Efficiency: 90 %)(PROC2)
Conditions and measures related to personal protection, hygiene and health evaluation	Wear suitable gloves tester	d to EN374.

### 3. Exposure estimation and reference to its source

### **Environment**

No exposure assessment presented for the environment.

### Workers

 $PROC1, PROC2, PROC3, PROC4, PROC8a, PROC8b, PROC9: Use of ECETOC TRA \ Version 2 \ with modifications.$ 

Contributing Scenario	Specific conditions	Exposure routes	Level of Exposure	RCR
PROC1, PROC3		worker dermal, short and long term - systemic	0,34mg/kg bw/day	0,008
PROC1		Worker - inhalative, long- term - systemic	0,01mg/m3	0,00004
PROC1		Worker - inhalative, short-term - systemic	0,05mg/m3	0,0002
PROC2		worker dermal, short and long term - systemic	1,37mg/kg bw/day	0,034
PROC2		Worker - inhalative, long- term - systemic	6,67mg/m3	0,026
PROC2		Worker - inhalative, short-term - systemic	26,67mg/m3	0,103
PROC3, PROC4		Worker - inhalative, long- term - systemic	13,33mg/m3	0,051
PROC3, PROC4		Worker - inhalative, short-term - systemic	53,33mg/m3	0,205
PROC4, PROC8b, PROC9		worker dermal, short and long term - systemic	6,86mg/kg bw/day	0,171
PROC8a		worker dermal, short and long term - systemic	13,71mg/kg bw/day	0,343
PROC8a		Worker - inhalative, long- term - systemic	33,33mg/m3	0,128
PROC8a		Worker - inhalative, short-term - systemic	66,67mg/m3	0,256
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### **METHANOL / DR 160 KG**

PROC8b	 Worker - inhalative, long- term - systemic	6,00mg/m3	0,023
PROC8b	 Worker - inhalative, short-term - systemic	12,00mg/m3	0,046
PROC9	 Worker - inhalative, long- term - systemic	26,67mg/m3	0,103
PROC9	 Worker - inhalative, short-term - systemic	53,34mg/m3	0,205

# 4. Guidance to Downstream User to evaluate whether he works inside the boundaries set by the Exposure Scenario

#### Environment

Guidance is based on assumed operating conditions which may not be applicable to all sites; thus, scaling may be necessary to define appropriate site-specific risk management measures.

Where other risk management measures/operational conditions are adopted, then users should ensure that risks are managed to at least equivalent levels.

For further information on the assessment method, see: http://www.ecetoc.org/tra

Only properly trained persons shall make use of scaling methods while checking whether the OC and RMM are within the boundaries set by the ES

### Additional good practice advice beyond the REACH Chemical Safety Assessment

Assumes a good basic standard of occupational hygiene is implemented.



## **METHANOL / DR 160 KG**

1. Short title of Exposure Scenario 3: Formulation & (re)packing of substances and mixtures			
SU 3: Industrial uses: Uses of substances as such or in preparations at industrial sites			
SU 10: Formulation [mixing] of preparations and/ or re-packaging (excluding alloys)			
PROC1: Chemical production or refinery in closed process without likelihood of exposure or processes with equivalent containment conditions PROC2: Use in closed, continuous process with occasional controlled exposure PROC3: Manufacture or formulation in the chemical industry in closed batch processes with occasional controlled exposure or processes with equivalent containment condition PROC4: Use in batch and other process (synthesis) where opportunity for exposure arises PROC8a: Transfer of substance or preparation (charging/ discharging) from/ to vessels/ large containers at non-dedicated facilities PROC8b: Transfer of substance or preparation (charging/ discharging) from/ to vessels/ large containers at dedicated facilities PROC9: Transfer of substance or preparation into small containers (dedicated filling line, including weighing) PROC15: Use as laboratory reagent			
ERC2: Formulation of preparations			
Formulation, packing and re-packing of the substance and its mixtures in batch or continuous operations, including storage, materials transfers, mixing, tabletting, compression, pelletisation, extrusion, large and small scale packing, sampling, maintenance and associated laboratory activities.			

### 2.1 Contributing scenario controlling environmental exposure for: ERC2

No exposure assessment presented for the environment

# 2.2 Contributing scenario controlling worker exposure for: PROC1, PROC2, PROC3, PROC4, PROC8a, PROC8b, PROC9, PROC15

	Concentration of the Substance in Mixture/Article	Covers percentage substance in the product up to 100 %.	
Product characteristics	Physical Form (at time of use)	liquid	
	Vapour pressure	> 10 kPa	
Frequency and duration of use	Covers daily exposures up	to 8 hours	
	Exposed skin area	One hand, face side only. 240 cm² (PROC1, PROC3, PROC15)	
Human factors not influenced by risk management	Exposed skin area	Two hands face side only. 480 cm² (PROC2, PROC4, PROC8b, PROC9)	
	Exposed skin area	Two hands 960 cm <sup>2</sup> (PROC8a)	
Other operational conditions affecting workers exposure	Assumes use at not more than 20°C above ambient temperature.		
Technical conditions and measures to control dispersion	General exposures Closed systems With sample collection with occasional controlled exposure	Provide extract ventilation to points where emissions occur. (Efficiency: 90 %)(PROC2)	
from source towards the worker	General exposures Closed systems Use in contained batch processes	Provide extract ventilation to points where emissions occur. (Efficiency: 90 %)(PROC3)	
	•		



## **METHANOL / DR 160 KG**

	General exposures Open systems Batch process With sample collection with potential for aerosol generation	Provide extract ventilation to points where emissions occur. (Efficiency: 90 %)(PROC4)
	Process sampling	Avoid dip sampling. Provide extract ventilation to points where emissions occur.(PROC2, PROC3, PROC4, PROC8a, PROC8b)
	Laboratory activities	Handle in a fume cupboard or under extract ventilation. (Efficiency: 90 %)(PROC15)
	Bulk transfers	Clear transfer lines prior to de-coupling. Provide extract ventilation to points where emissions occur. (Efficiency: 90 %)(PROC8a)
	Bulk transfers	Clear lines prior to de-coupling. Provide extract ventilation to points where emissions occur. (Efficiency: 97 %)(PROC8b)
	Drum and small package filling	Put lids on containers immediately after use. Ensure material transfers are under containment or extract ventilation. (Efficiency: 90 %)(PROC9)
	Storage with occasional controlled exposure	Avoid dip sampling. Provide extract ventilation to points where emissions occur. (Efficiency: 90 %)(PROC2)
elated	Wear suitable gloves tested	to EN374.
ene		

Conditions and measures related to personal protection, hygiene and health evaluation

### 3. Exposure estimation and reference to its source

### **Environment**

No exposure assessment presented for the environment.

### Workers

PROC1, PROC2, PROC3, PROC4, PROC8a, PROC8b, PROC9, PROC15: Use of ECETOC TRA Version 2 with modifications.

Contributing Scenario	Specific conditions	Exposure routes	Level of Exposure	RCR
PROC1, PROC3, PROC15		worker dermal, short and long term - systemic	0,34mg/kg bw/day	0,0008
PROC1		Worker - inhalative, long- term - systemic	0,01mg/m3	0,00004
PROC1		Worker - inhalative, short-term - systemic	0,05mg/m3	0,0002
PROC2		worker dermal, short and long term - systemic	1,37mg/kg bw/day	0,034
PROC2, PROC15		Worker - inhalative, long- term - systemic	6,67mg/m3	0,026
PROC2		Worker - inhalative, short-term - systemic	26,67mg/m3	0,103
PROC3, PROC4		Worker - inhalative, long- term - systemic	13,33mg/m3	0,051
PROC3, PROC4		Worker - inhalative, short-term - systemic	53,33mg/m3	0,205



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PROC4, PROC8b, PROC9	 worker dermal, short and long term - systemic	6,86mg/kg bw/day	0,171
PROC8a	 worker dermal, short and long term - systemic	13,71mg/kg bw/day	0,343
PROC8a	 Worker - inhalative, long- term - systemic	33,33mg/m3	0,128
PROC8a	 Worker - inhalative, short-term - systemic	66,67mg/m3	0,256
PROC8b	 Worker - inhalative, long- term - systemic	6,00mg/m3	0,023
PROC8b	 Worker - inhalative, short-term - systemic	12,00mg/m3	0,046
PROC9	 Worker - inhalative, long- term - systemic	26,67mg/m3	0,103
PROC9	 Worker - inhalative, short-term - systemic	53,34mg/m3	0,205
PROC15	 Worker - inhalative, short-term - systemic	13,33mg/m3	0,051

# 4. Guidance to Downstream User to evaluate whether he works inside the boundaries set by the Exposure Scenario

#### Environment

Guidance is based on assumed operating conditions which may not be applicable to all sites; thus, scaling may be necessary to define appropriate site-specific risk management measures.

Where other risk management measures/operational conditions are adopted, then users should ensure that risks are managed to at least equivalent levels.

For further information on the assessment method, see: http://www.ecetoc.org/tra

Only properly trained persons shall make use of scaling methods while checking whether the OC and RMM are within the boundaries set by the ES

### Additional good practice advice beyond the REACH Chemical Safety Assessment

Assumes a good basic standard of occupational hygiene is implemented.



## **METHANOL / DR 160 KG**

1. Short title of Exposure Scenario 4: Use in cleaning agents			
Main User Groups	SU 3: Industrial uses: Uses of substances as such or in preparations at industrial sites		
Process categories	PROC1: Chemical production or refinery in closed process without likelihood of exposure or processes with equivalent containment conditions PROC2: Use in closed, continuous process with occasional controlled exposure PROC3: Manufacture or formulation in the chemical industry in closed batch processes with occasional controlled exposure or processes with equivalent containment condition PROC4: Use in batch and other process (synthesis) where opportunity for exposure arises PROC7: Industrial spraying PROC8a: Transfer of substance or preparation (charging/ discharging) from/ to vessels/ large containers at non-dedicated facilities PROC8b: Transfer of substance or preparation (charging/ discharging) from/ to vessels/ large containers at dedicated facilities PROC10: Roller application or brushing PROC13: Treatment of articles by dipping and pouring		
Environmental Release Categories	ERC4: Industrial use of processing aids in processes and products, not becoming part of articles		
Activity	Covers the use as a component of cleaning products including pouring/unloading from drums or containers; and exposures during mixing/diluting in the preparatory phase and cleaning activities (including spraying, brushing, dipping, wiping automated and by hand).		

### 2.1 Contributing scenario controlling environmental exposure for: ERC4

No exposure assessment presented for the environment

# 2.2 Contributing scenario controlling worker exposure for: PROC1, PROC2, PROC3, PROC4, PROC7, PROC8a, PROC8b, PROC13

Concentration of the Substance in Mixture/Article	Covers percentage substance in the product up to 100 %.	
Physical Form (at time of use)	liquid	
Vapour pressure	> 10 kPa	
Covers daily exposures up	to 8 hours	
Exposed skin area	One hand, face side only. 240 cm² (PROC1, PROC3)	
Exposed skin area	Two hands face side only. 480 cm² (PROC2, PROC4, PROC8b, PROC13)	
Exposed skin area	Two hands 960 cm <sup>2</sup> (PROC8a)	
Assumes use at not more than 20°C above ambient temperature.		
Room size	1000 m3(PROC7)	
Automated process with (semi) closed systems Use in contained systems	Ensure material transfers are under containment or extract ventilation. (Efficiency: 90 %)(PROC2)	
Use in contained batch processes	Provide the operation with a properly sited receiving hood. (Efficiency: 90 %)(PROC3, PROC4)	
Bulk transfers	Ensure material transfers are under containment or extract ventilation. (Efficiency: 90 %)(PROC8a)	
	Substance in Mixture/Article Physical Form (at time of use) Vapour pressure Covers daily exposures up Exposed skin area Exposed skin area Exposed skin area Assumes use at not more to Room size Automated process with (semi) closed systems Use in contained systems Use in contained batch processes	



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	Filling/ preparation of equipment from drums or containers. Dedicated facility	Ensure material transfers are under containment or extract ventilation. (Efficiency: 97 %)(PROC8b)
	Cleaning with high pressure washers	Carry out in a vented booth or extracted enclosure.(PROC7)
	Degreasing small objects in cleaning station	Provide the operation with a properly sited receiving hood. (Efficiency: 90 %)(PROC13)
Organisational measures to prevent /limit releases, dispersion and exposure	Cleaning with high pressure washers	Clean equipment and the work area every day. Ensure that the task is being carried out outside the breathing zone of a worker (distance head-product greater than 1m). Ensure control measures are regularly inspected and maintained.(PROC7)
2.3 Contributing scenario co	ntrolling worker exposu	re for: PROC10
	Concentration of the Substance in Mixture/Article	Concentration of substance in product : 0% - 80%
Product characteristics	Physical Form (at time of use)	liquid
	Vapour pressure	> 10 kPa
Frequency and duration of use	Covers daily exposures up to 8 hours	
Human factors not influenced by	Exposed skin area	Two hands 960 cm <sup>2</sup> (PROC10)
risk management		
Technical conditions and	Cleaning with low-	Provide the operation with a properly sited receiving

### 3. Exposure estimation and reference to its source

pressure washers

### **Environment**

measures to control dispersion

from source towards the worker

No exposure assessment presented for the environment.

### Workers

PROC7: StoffenManager (inhalation exposure)

PROC1, PROC2, PROC3, PROC4, PROC8a, PROC8b, PROC10, PROC13: Use of ECETOC TRA Version 2 with modifications.

hood. (Efficiency: 90 %)(PROC10)

Contributing Scenario	Specific conditions	Exposure routes	Level of Exposure	RCR
PROC1, PROC3		worker dermal, short and long term - systemic	0,34mg/kg bw/day	0,008
PROC1		Worker - inhalative, long- term - systemic	0,01mg/m3	0,00004
PROC1		Worker - inhalative, short-term - systemic	0,05mg/m3	0,0002
PROC2		worker dermal, short and long term - systemic	1,37mg/kg bw/day	0,034
PROC2		Worker - inhalative, long- term - systemic	6,67mg/m3	0,026
PROC2		Worker - inhalative, short-term - systemic	26,67mg/m3	0,103
PROC3, PROC4		Worker - inhalative, long- term - systemic	13,33mg/m3	0,051
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PROC3, PROC4	 Worker - inhalative, short-term - systemic	53,33mg/m3	0,205
PROC4, PROC8b	 worker dermal, short and long term - systemic	6,86mg/kg bw/day	0,171
PROC7	 worker inhalation, acute and long term - systemic	141,1mg/m3	0,542
PROC8a, PROC13	 worker dermal, short and long term - systemic	13,71mg/kg bw/day	0,343
PROC8a, PROC13	 Worker - inhalative, long- term - systemic	33,33mg/m3	0,128
PROC8a, PROC13	 Worker - inhalative, short-term - systemic	66,67mg/m3	0,256
PROC8b	 Worker - inhalative, long-term - systemic	6,00mg/m3	0,023
PROC8b	 Worker - inhalative, short-term - systemic	12,00mg/m3	0,046
PROC10	 Worker - inhalative, short-term - systemic	53,33mg/m3	0,205
PROC10	 worker dermal, short and long term - systemic	21,94mg/kg bw/day	0,549
PROC10	 Worker - inhalative, long- term - systemic	26,67mg/m3	0,103

# 4. Guidance to Downstream User to evaluate whether he works inside the boundaries set by the Exposure Scenario

### Environment

Guidance is based on assumed operating conditions which may not be applicable to all sites; thus, scaling may be necessary to define appropriate site-specific risk management measures.

Health

Where other risk management measures/operational conditions are adopted, then users should ensure that risks are managed to at least equivalent levels.

For further information on the assessment method, see: http://www.ecetoc.org/tra

Only properly trained persons shall make use of scaling methods while checking whether the OC and RMM are within the boundaries set by the ES

### Additional good practice advice beyond the REACH Chemical Safety Assessment

Assumes a good basic standard of occupational hygiene is implemented.

Assumes a good basic standard of occupational hygiene is implemented.



ΕN

## **METHANOL / DR 160 KG**

1. Short title of Exposure Scenario 5: Use in cleaning agents			
SU 22: Professional uses: Public domain (administration, education, entertainment, services, craftsmen)			
PROC1: Chemical production or refinery in closed process without likelihood of exposure or processes with equivalent containment conditions PROC2: Use in closed, continuous process with occasional controlled exposure PROC3: Manufacture or formulation in the chemical industry in closed batch processes with occasional controlled exposure or processes with equivalent containment condition PROC4: Use in batch and other process (synthesis) where opportunity for exposure arises PROC8a: Transfer of substance or preparation (charging/ discharging) from/ to vessels/ large containers at non-dedicated facilities PROC8b: Transfer of substance or preparation (charging/ discharging) from/ to vessels/ large containers at dedicated facilities PROC10: Roller application or brushing PROC11: Non industrial spraying PROC13: Treatment of articles by dipping and pouring			
ERC8a: Wide dispersive indoor use of processing aids in open systems ERC8d: Wide dispersive outdoor use of processing aids in open systems			
Covers the use as a component of cleaning products including pouring/unloading from drums or containers; and exposures during mixing/diluting in the preparatory phase and cleaning activities (including spraying, brushing, dipping, wiping automated and by hand).			

### 2.1 Contributing scenario controlling environmental exposure for: ERC8a, ERC8d

No exposure assessment presented for the environment

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# 2.2 Contributing scenario controlling worker exposure for: PROC1, PROC2, PROC3, PROC4, PROC8a, PROC8b, PROC10, PROC11, PROC13

Concentration of the Substance in Mixture/Article	Covers percentage substance in the product up to 100 %.	
Physical Form (at time of use)	liquid	
Vapour pressure	> 10 kPa	
	5 L/min (PROC11)	
Covers daily exposures up	to 8 hours	
Avoid carrying out operatio	n for more than 4 hours.(PROC4)	
Exposed skin area	One hand, face side only. 240 cm² (PROC1, PROC3)	
Exposed skin area	Two hands face side only. 480 cm² (PROC2, PROC4, PROC8b, PROC13)	
Exposed skin area	Two hands 960 cm <sup>2</sup> (PROC8a, PROC10, PROC11)	
Assumes use at not more than 20°C above ambient temperature.		
Avoid carrying out operation for more than 4 hours.(PROC4)		
Room size	1000 m3(PROC11)	
Automated process with (semi) closed systems Use in contained systems	Provide the operation with a properly sited receiving hood. (Efficiency: 80 %)(PROC2)	
Automated process with (semi) closed systems Use in contained systems Drum/batch transfers	Provide the operation with a properly sited receiving hood. (Efficiency: 80 %)(PROC3)	
	Substance in Mixture/Article Physical Form (at time of use) Vapour pressure  Covers daily exposures up Avoid carrying out operatio Exposed skin area  Exposed skin area  Exposed skin area  Assumes use at not more t Avoid carrying out operatio Room size  Automated process with (semi) closed systems Use in contained systems Use in contained systems Use in contained systems Use in contained systems	

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## **METHANOL / DR 160 KG**

	Semi-automated process (e.g.: Semi-automatic application of floor care and maintenance products)	Provide the operation with a properly sited receiving hood. (Efficiency: 80 %)(PROC4)	
	Filling/ preparation of equipment from drums or containers. Non-dedicated facility	Limit the substance content in the product to 5 %. or Ensure material transfers are under containment or extract ventilation.(PROC8a)	
	Filling/ preparation of equipment from drums or containers. Dedicated facility	Limit the substance content in the product to 5 %. or Ensure material transfers are under containment or extract ventilation.(PROC8b)	
	Cleaning with low- pressure washers Rolling, Brushing no spraying	Limit the substance content in the product to 5 %.(PROC10)	
	Cleaning with high pressure washers Spraying	Use long handled tools where possible. Limit the substance content in the product to 3% Avoid carrying out operations for more than 200 min(PROC11)	
	Dipping, immersion and pouring	Provide the operation with a properly sited receiving hood. (Efficiency: 80 %)(PROC13)	
	Storage with occasional controlled exposure	Ensure material transfers are under containment or extract ventilation. (Efficiency: 80 %)(PROC2)	
Organisational measures to prevent /limit releases, dispersion and exposure	Ensure that the direction of airflow is clearly away from the worker.  Ensure that the task is being carried out outside the breathing zone of a worker (distance head-product greater than 1m).(PROC11)		
Conditions and measures related to personal protection, hygiene and health evaluation	Wear chemically resistant gloves (tested to EN374) in combination with specific activity training. (Efficiency: 90 %)(PROC11)		

### 3. Exposure estimation and reference to its source

### **Environment**

No exposure assessment presented for the environment.

### Workers

PROC11: RISKOFDERM V2.1

PROC11: StoffenManager (inhalation exposure)

PROC1, PROC2, PROC3, PROC4, PROC8a, PROC8b, PROC10, PROC13: Use of ECETOC TRA Version 2 with modifications.

Contributing Scenario	Specific conditions	Exposure routes	Level of Exposure	RCR
PROC1, PROC3, PROC8b		worker dermal, short and long term - systemic	0,34mg/kg bw/day	0,008
PROC1		Worker - inhalative, long- term - systemic	0,13mg/m3	0,0005
PROC1		Worker - inhalative, short-term - systemic	0,53mg/m3	0,002
PROC2		worker dermal, short and long term - systemic	1,37mg/kg bw/day	0,034
PROC2		Worker - inhalative, long-	13,33mg/m3	0,051



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	term - systemic		
PROC2	 Worker - inhalative, short-term - systemic	53,33mg/m3	0,205
PROC3	 Worker - inhalative, long- term - systemic	26,67mg/m3	0,103
PROC3	 Worker - inhalative, short-term - systemic	106,67mg/m3	0,440
PROC4	 worker dermal, short and long term - systemic	6,86mg/kg bw/day	0,171
PROC4	 Worker - inhalative, long- term - systemic	40,00mg/m3	0,154
PROC4	 Worker - inhalative, short-term - systemic	160,00mg/m3	0,615
PROC8a	 worker dermal, short and long term - systemic	0,68mg/kg bw/day	0,017
PROC8a, PROC10	 Worker - inhalative, long- term - systemic	33,33mg/m3	0,128
PROC8a, PROC10	 Worker - inhalative, short-term - systemic	66,67mg/m3	0,256
PROC8b	 Worker - inhalative, long- term - systemic	16,67mg/m3	0,064
PROC8b	 Worker - inhalative, short-term - systemic	33,34mg/m3	0,128
PROC10	 worker dermal, short and long term - systemic	1,37mg/kg bw/day	0,034
PROC11	 worker inhalation, acute and long term - systemic	134,1mg/m3	0,516
PROC11	 worker dermal, short and long term - systemic	7,24mg/kg bw/day	0,181
PROC13	 worker dermal, short and long term - systemic	13,71mg/kg bw/day	0,343
PROC13	 Worker - inhalative, long- term - systemic	66,67mg/m3	0,256
PROC13	 Worker - inhalative, long- term - systemic	133,33mg/m3	0,513

# 4. Guidance to Downstream User to evaluate whether he works inside the boundaries set by the Exposure Scenario

### Environment

Guidance is based on assumed operating conditions which may not be applicable to all sites; thus, scaling may be necessary to define appropriate site-specific risk management measures. Health

Where other risk management measures/operational conditions are adopted, then users should ensure that risks are managed to at least equivalent levels.

For further information on the assessment method, see: http://www.ecetoc.org/tra

Only properly trained persons shall make use of scaling methods while checking whether the OC and RMM are within the boundaries set by the ES

### Additional good practice advice beyond the REACH Chemical Safety Assessment

Assumes a good basic standard of occupational hygiene is implemented.



## **METHANOL / DR 160 KG**

1. Short title of Exposure Scenario 6: Use in fuel			
Main User Groups	SU 3: Industrial uses: Uses of substances as such or in preparations at industrial sites		
Sectors of end-use	SU 10: Formulation [mixing] of preparations and/ or re-packaging (excluding alloys)		
Process categories	PROC1: Chemical production or refinery in closed process without likelihood of exposure or processes with equivalent containment conditions PROC2: Use in closed, continuous process with occasional controlled exposure PROC3: Manufacture or formulation in the chemical industry in closed batch processes with occasional controlled exposure or processes with equivalent containment condition PROC8a: Transfer of substance or preparation (charging/ discharging) from/ to vessels/ large containers at non-dedicated facilities PROC8b: Transfer of substance or preparation (charging/ discharging) from/ to vessels/ large containers at dedicated facilities PROC16: Using material as fuel sources, limited exposure to unburned product to be expected		
Environmental Release Categories	ERC7: Industrial use of substances in closed systems		
Activity	Covers the use as a fuel (or fuel additive) and includes activities associated with its transfer, use, equipment maintenance and handling of waste.		

### 2.1 Contributing scenario controlling environmental exposure for: ERC7

No exposure assessment presented for the environment

# 2.2 Contributing scenario controlling worker exposure for: PROC1, PROC2, PROC3, PROC8a, PROC8b, PROC16

	Concentration of the Substance in Mixture/Article	Covers percentage substance in the product up 1 100 %.	to
Product characteristics	Physical Form (at time of use)	liquid	
	Vapour pressure	> 10 kPa	
Frequency and duration of use	Covers daily exposures up	to 8 hours	
	Exposed skin area	One hand, face side only. 240 cm² (PROC1, PROC3, PROC16)	
Human factors not influenced by risk management	Exposed skin area	Two hands face side only. 480 cm² (PROC2, PROC8b)	
	Exposed skin area	Two hands 960 cm <sup>2</sup> (PROC8a)	
Other operational conditions affecting workers exposure	Assumes use at not more than 20°C above ambient temperature.		
<u> </u>	General exposures Closed systems with occasional controlled exposure	Provide extract ventilation to points where emissions occur. (Efficiency: 90 %)(PROC2)	
Technical conditions and	General exposures Closed systems Batch process	Provide extract ventilation to points where emissions occur. (Efficiency: 90 %)(PROC3)	
measures to control dispersion from source towards the worker	Vessel and container cleaning	Provide extract ventilation to points where emissions occur. (Efficiency: 90 %)(PROC8a)	
	Drum/batch transfers	Provide extract ventilation to points where emissions occur. (Efficiency: 97 %)(PROC8b)	
	Storage with occasional controlled exposure	Provide extract ventilation to points where emissions occur. (Efficiency: 90 %)(PROC2)	
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Conditions and measures related to personal protection, hygiene and health evaluation

Wear suitable gloves tested to EN374.

### 3. Exposure estimation and reference to its source

#### **Environment**

No exposure assessment presented for the environment.

### Workers

PROC1, PROC2, PROC3, PROC8a, PROC8b, PROC16: Use of ECETOC TRA Version 2 with modifications.

Contributing Scenario	Specific conditions	Exposure routes	Level of Exposure	RCR
PROC1, PROC3, PROC16		worker dermal, short and long term - systemic	0,34mg/kg bw/day	0,008
PROC1		Worker - inhalative, long- term - systemic	0,01mg/m3	0,00004
PROC1		Worker - inhalative, short-term - systemic	0,05mg/m3	0,0002
PROC2		worker dermal, short and long term - systemic	1,37mg/kg bw/day	0,034
PROC2		Worker - inhalative, long- term - systemic	6,67mg/m3	0,026
PROC2		Worker - inhalative, short-term - systemic	26,67mg/m3	0,103
PROC3		Worker - inhalative, long- term - systemic	13,33mg/m3	0,051
PROC3		Worker - inhalative, short-term - systemic	53,33mg/m3	0,205
PROC8a		worker dermal, short and long term - systemic	13,71mg/kg bw/day	0,343
PROC8a, PROC16		Worker - inhalative, long- term - systemic	33,33mg/m3	0,128
PROC8a, PROC16		Worker - inhalative, short-term - systemic	66,67mg/m3	0,256
PROC8b		worker dermal, short and long term - systemic	6,86mg/kg bw/day	0,171
PROC8b		Worker - inhalative, long- term - systemic	6,00mg/m3	0,023
PROC8b		Worker - inhalative, short-term - systemic	12,00mg/m3	0,046

# 4. Guidance to Downstream User to evaluate whether he works inside the boundaries set by the Exposure Scenario

#### Environment

Guidance is based on assumed operating conditions which may not be applicable to all sites; thus, scaling may be necessary to define appropriate site-specific risk management measures.

Where other risk management measures/operational conditions are adopted, then users should ensure that risks are managed to at least equivalent levels.

For further information on the assessment method, see: http://www.ecetoc.org/tra

Only properly trained persons shall make use of scaling methods while checking whether the OC and RMM are within the boundaries set by the ES



METHANOL / DR 160 KG
Additional good practice advice beyond the REACH Chemical Safety Assessment
Assumes a good basic standard of occupational hygiene is implemented.



## **METHANOL / DR 160 KG**

1. Short title of Exposure Scenario 7: Use in fuel				
Main User Groups	SU 22: Professional uses: Public domain (administration, education, entertainment, services, craftsmen)			
Process categories	PROC1: Chemical production or refinery in closed process without likelihood of exposure or processes with equivalent containment conditions PROC2: Use in closed, continuous process with occasional controlled exposure PROC3: Manufacture or formulation in the chemical industry in closed batch processes with occasional controlled exposure or processes with equivalent containment condition PROC8a: Transfer of substance or preparation (charging/ discharging) from/ to vessels/ large containers at non-dedicated facilities PROC8b: Transfer of substance or preparation (charging/ discharging) from/ to vessels/ large containers at dedicated facilities PROC16: Using material as fuel sources, limited exposure to unburned product to be expected			
Environmental Release Categories	ERC8b: Wide dispersive indoor use of reactive substances in open systems ERC8e: Wide dispersive outdoor use of reactive substances in open systems ERC9a: Wide dispersive indoor use of substances in closed systems ERC9b: Wide dispersive outdoor use of substances in closed systems			
Activity	Covers the use as a fuel (or fuel additive) and includes activities associated with its transfer, use, equipment maintenance and handling of waste.			

### 2.1 Contributing scenario controlling environmental exposure for: ERC8b, ERC8e, ERC9a, ERC9b

No exposure assessment presented for the environment

# 2.2 Contributing scenario controlling worker exposure for: PROC1, PROC2, PROC3, PROC8a, PROC8b, PROC16

	Concentration of the Substance in Mixture/Article	Covers percentage substance in the product up to 100 %.	
Product characteristics	Physical Form (at time of use)	liquid	
	Vapour pressure	> 10 kPa	
Frequency and duration of use	Covers daily exposures up	to 8 hours	
	Exposed skin area	One hand, face side only. 240 cm² (PROC1, PROC3, PROC16)	
Human factors not influenced by risk management	Exposed skin area	Two hands face side only. 480 cm² (PROC2, PROC8b)	
	Exposed skin area	Two hands 960 cm <sup>2</sup> (PROC8a)	
Other operational conditions affecting workers exposure	Assumes use at not more than 20°C above ambient temperature.		
	General exposures Closed systems with occasional controlled exposure	Provide extract ventilation to points where emissions occur. (Efficiency: 80 %)(PROC2)	
Technical conditions and measures to control dispersion from source towards the worker	General exposures (closed systems) Batch process	Provide extract ventilation to points where emissions occur. (Efficiency: 80 %)(PROC3)	
Tom source towards the worker	Bulk transfers	Use drum pumps. Avoid carrying out operation for more than 1 hour. alternatively Limit the substance content in the product to 5 %.(PROC8a, PROC8b)	
Conditions and measures related	Wear suitable gloves tested to EN374.		
to personal protection, hygiene and health evaluation			
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### 3. Exposure estimation and reference to its source

#### **Environment**

No exposure assessment presented for the environment.

### Workers

PROC1, PROC2, PROC3, PROC8a, PROC8b, PROC16: Use of ECETOC TRA Version 2 with modifications.

Contributing Scenario	Specific conditions	Exposure routes	Level of Exposure	RCR
PROC1, PROC3, PROC8b, PROC16		worker dermal, short and long term - systemic	0,34mg/kg bw/day	0,008
PROC1		Worker - inhalative, long- term - systemic	0,13mg/m3	0,0005
PROC1		Worker - inhalative, short-term - systemic	0,53mg/m3	0,002
PROC2		worker dermal, short and long term - systemic	1,37mg/kg bw/day	0,034
PROC2		Worker - inhalative, long- term - systemic	13,33mg/m3	0,051
PROC2		Worker - inhalative, short-term - systemic	53,33mg/m3	0,205
PROC3		Worker - inhalative, long- term - systemic	26,67mg/m3	0,103
PROC3		Worker - inhalative, short-term - systemic	106,67mg/m3	0,440
PROC8a		worker dermal, short and long term - systemic	0,68mg/kg bw/day	0,017
PROC8a		Worker - inhalative, long- term - systemic	33,33mg/m3	0,128
PROC8a		Worker - inhalative, short-term - systemic	66,67mg/m3	0,256
PROC8b		Worker - inhalative, long- term - systemic	16,67mg/m3	0,064
PROC8b		Worker - inhalative, short-term - systemic	33,34mg/m3	0,128
PROC16		Worker - inhalative, long- term - systemic	66,67mg/m3	0,256
PROC16		Worker - inhalative, short-term - systemic	133,34mg/m3	0,513

# 4. Guidance to Downstream User to evaluate whether he works inside the boundaries set by the Exposure Scenario

#### Environment

Guidance is based on assumed operating conditions which may not be applicable to all sites; thus, scaling may be necessary to define appropriate site-specific risk management measures.

Where other risk management measures/operational conditions are adopted, then users should ensure that risks are managed to at least equivalent levels.

For further information on the assessment method, see: http://www.ecetoc.org/tra

Only properly trained persons shall make use of scaling methods while checking whether the OC and RMM are within the boundaries set by the ES



METHANOL / DR 160 KG
Additional good practice advice beyond the REACH Chemical Safety Assessment
Assumes a good basic standard of occupational hygiene is implemented.



## **METHANOL / DR 160 KG**

1. Short title of Exposure Scenario 8: Use in laboratories			
Main User Groups	SU 3: Industrial uses: Uses of substances as such or in preparations at industrial sites		
Process categories	PROC10: Roller application or brushing PROC15: Use as laboratory reagent		
Environmental Release ERC4: Industrial use of processing aids in processes and products, not becomin part of articles			

### 2.1 Contributing scenario controlling environmental exposure for: ERC4

No exposure assessment presented for the environment

No exposure assessment presented for the environment				
2.2 Contributing scenario controlling worker exposure for: PROC10, PROC15				
	Concentration of the Substance in Mixture/Article	Concentration of substance in product : 0% - 80%		
Product characteristics	Physical Form (at time of use)	liquid		
	Vapour pressure	> 10 kPa		
Frequency and duration of use	se Covers daily exposures up to 8 hours			
Human factors not influenced by	Exposed skin area	Two hands 960 cm <sup>2</sup> (PROC10)		
risk management	Exposed skin area	One hand, face side only. 240 cm² (PROC15)		
Other operational conditions affecting workers exposure	Assumes use at not more than 20°C above ambient temperature.			
Technical conditions and measures to control dispersion from source towards the worker	Cleaning Rolling, Brushing Vessel and container cleaning	Carefully pour from containers. Retain drain downs in sealed storage pending disposal or for subsequent recycle. Handle in a fume cupboard or under extract ventilation. (Efficiency: 90 %)(PROC10)		
	Laboratory activities small scale	Handle in a fume cupboard or under extract ventilation. (Efficiency: 90 %)(PROC15)		
Conditions and measures related	Wear suitable gloves tested to EN374.			
to personal protection, hygiene and health evaluation				

### 3. Exposure estimation and reference to its source

### **Environment**

No exposure assessment presented for the environment.

### Workers

PROC10, PROC15: Use of ECETOC TRA Version 2 with modifications.

·					
Contributing Scenario	Specific conditions	Exposure routes	Level of Exposure	RCR	
PROC10		worker dermal, short and long term - systemic	21,94mg/kg bw/day	0,549	
PROC10		Worker - inhalative, long- term - systemic	26,67mg/m3	0,103	
PROC10		Worker - inhalative, short-term - systemic	53,34mg/m3	0,205	
PROC15		worker dermal, short and long term - systemic	0,34mg/kg bw/day	0,008	
PROC15		Worker - inhalative, long- term - systemic	6,67mg/m3	0,026	
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	PROC15	 Worker - inhalative, short-term - systemic	13,33mg/m3	0,051
- 1		Short-term - Systemic		

# 4. Guidance to Downstream User to evaluate whether he works inside the boundaries set by the Exposure Scenario

#### Environment

Guidance is based on assumed operating conditions which may not be applicable to all sites; thus, scaling may be necessary to define appropriate site-specific risk management measures.

Where other risk management measures/operational conditions are adopted, then users should ensure that risks are managed to at least equivalent levels.

For further information on the assessment method, see: http://www.ecetoc.org/tra

Only properly trained persons shall make use of scaling methods while checking whether the OC and RMM are within the boundaries set by the ES

### Additional good practice advice beyond the REACH Chemical Safety Assessment

Assumes a good basic standard of occupational hygiene is implemented.



## **METHANOL / DR 160 KG**

1. Short title of Exposure Scenario 9: Use in laboratories		
Main User Groups	SU 22: Professional uses: Public domain (administration, education, entertainment, services, craftsmen)	
Process categories	PROC10: Roller application or brushing PROC15: Use as laboratory reagent	
Environmental Release Categories ERC8a: Wide dispersive indoor use of processing aids in open systems.		

### 2.1 Contributing scenario controlling environmental exposure for: ERC8a

No exposure assessment presented for the environment

The exposure assessment presented for the environment			
2.2 Contributing scenario controlling worker exposure for: PROC10, PROC15			
	Concentration of the Substance in Mixture/Article	Covers percentage substance in the product up to 100 %.	
Product characteristics	Physical Form (at time of use)	liquid	
	Vapour pressure	> 10 kPa	
Frequency and duration of use	Covers daily exposures up to 8 hours		
Human factors not influenced by	Exposed skin area	Two hands 960 cm <sup>2</sup> (PROC10)	
risk management	Exposed skin area	One hand, face side only. 240 cm² (PROC15)	
Other operational conditions affecting workers exposure	Assumes use at not more than 20°C above ambient temperature.		
Technical conditions and measures to control dispersion	Cleaning Rolling, Brushing	Carefully pour from containers. Limit the substance content in the product to 5 %.(PROC10)	
from source towards the worker	Laboratory activities small scale	Handle in a fume cupboard or under extract ventilation. (Efficiency: 80 %)(PROC15)	
Conditions and measures related	Wear suitable gloves tested to EN374.		
to personal protection, hygiene and health evaluation			

### 3. Exposure estimation and reference to its source

#### Environment

No exposure assessment presented for the environment.

### Workers

PROC10, PROC15: Use of ECETOC TRA Version 2 with modifications.

Contributing Scenario	Specific conditions	Exposure routes	Level of Exposure	RCR
PROC10		worker dermal, short and long term - systemic	1,37mg/kg bw/day	0,034
PROC10		Worker - inhalative, long- term - systemic	33,33mg/m3	0,128
PROC10		Worker - inhalative, short-term - systemic	66,67mg/m3	0,256
PROC15		worker dermal, short and long term - systemic	0,34mg/kg bw/day	0,008
PROC15		Worker - inhalative, long- term - systemic	13,33mg/m3	0,051
PROC15		Worker - inhalative,	26,67mg/m3	0,103
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### **METHANOL / DR 160 KG**

short-term - systemic

4. Guidance to Downstream User to evaluate whether he works inside the boundaries set by the Exposure Scenario

#### Environment

Guidance is based on assumed operating conditions which may not be applicable to all sites; thus, scaling may be necessary to define appropriate site-specific risk management measures.

Where other risk management measures/operational conditions are adopted, then users should ensure that risks are managed to at least equivalent levels.

For further information on the assessment method, see: http://www.ecetoc.org/tra

Only properly trained persons shall make use of scaling methods while checking whether the OC and RMM are within the boundaries set by the ES

### Additional good practice advice beyond the REACH Chemical Safety Assessment

Assumes a good basic standard of occupational hygiene is implemented.



## **METHANOL / DR 160 KG**

1. Short title of Exposure Scenario 10: Use as water treatment chemicals		
Main User Groups	SU 3: Industrial uses: Uses of substances as such or in preparations at industrial sites	
Process categories	PROC2: Use in closed, continuous process with occasional controlled exposure	
Environmental Release Categories	ERC4: Industrial use of processing aids in processes and products, not becoming part of articles ERC6b: Industrial use of reactive processing aids	

### 2.1 Contributing scenario controlling environmental exposure for: ERC4, ERC6b

No exposure assessment presented for the environment

No exposure assessment presented for the environment			
2.2 Contributing scenario controlling worker exposure for: PROC2			
	Concentration of the Substance in Mixture/Article	Covers percentage substance in the product up to 100 %.	
Product characteristics	Physical Form (at time of use)	liquid	
	Vapour pressure	> 10 kPa	
Frequency and duration of use	Covers daily exposures up to 8 hours		
Human factors not influenced by risk management	Exposed skin area	Two hands face side only. 480 cm <sup>2</sup>	
Other operational conditions	Indoor use		
ffecting workers exposure	Assumes use at not more than 20°C above ambient temperature.		
Technical conditions and measures to control dispersion from source towards the worker  Drain or remove substance from equipment prior to break-ing Retain drain downs in sealed storage pending disposal or for recycle.  Carefully pour from containers.  Provide local exhaust ventilation (LEV). (Efficiency: 90 %)(PF		ed storage pending disposal or for subsequent ners.	
Conditions and measures related to personal protection, hygiene and health evaluation	Wear suitable gloves tested to EN374.		

### 3. Exposure estimation and reference to its source

### **Environment**

No exposure assessment presented for the environment.

### Workers

PROC2: Use of ECETOC TRA Version 2 with modifications.

Contributing Scenario	Specific conditions	Exposure routes	Level of Exposure	RCR
PROC2		worker dermal, short and long term - systemic	1,37mg/kg bw/day	0,034
PROC2		Worker - inhalative, long- term - systemic	6,67mg/m3	0,026
PROC2		Worker - inhalative, short-term - systemic	26,67mg/m3	0,103

# 4. Guidance to Downstream User to evaluate whether he works inside the boundaries set by the Exposure Scenario

Environment

Guidance is based on assumed operating conditions which may not be applicable to all sites; thus, scaling may



## METHANOL / DR 160 KG

be necessary to define appropriate site-specific risk management measures.

Where other risk management measures/operational conditions are adopted, then users should ensure that risks are managed to at least equivalent levels.

For further information on the assessment method, see: http://www.ecetoc.org/tra

Only properly trained persons shall make use of scaling methods while checking whether the OC and RMM are within the boundaries set by the ES		
Additional good practice advice beyond the REACH Chemical Safety Assessment		
Assumes a good basic standard of occupational hygiene is implemented.		